

## THE WORLD OVER

STRIKES MATCH AT SCENE OF ACCIDENT, BURNED TO DEATH

GRANDFIELD, Okla.—Dennis Hurson escaped uninjured from an automobile accident.

Later he returned to the scene of the wreck, struck a match to find his hat, and was burned to death in a gasoline explosion.

### DEER PLUNGE OVER PRECIPICE

CANON CITY, Colo.—A deer leaped over a precipice, then landed, hoisted its front legs and then plunged over the 400-foot precipice into the Arkansas river.

One deer was killed instantly. The other broke a leg and had to be shot.

### OLDEST CLAN CHIEF IS DEAD

ISLE OF MULL—Sir Fitzroy Donald MacLean, Scotland's oldest clan chief who in 1923 buried the hatchet with the Macleans' ancient rivals, the Campbells, died Sunday night in his Torcetra Duart castle.

Sir Fitzroy was 101 years old.

The ancient feud between the Clan MacLean and the Clan Campbell, who are said to have originated in the year of a wolf in 1145 and to have been carried down through the years until both sides called it off in 1923.

### SUBMIT OFFER TO PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT FOR TOLL ROAD

EDMONTON—The building of a toll road to a northern mineral field has been proposed to the Alberta Department of Public Works by private interests, it was learned here yesterday. Mr. W. H. Fallow said he had been approached by representatives of undisclosed persons regarding the proposition.

The minister stated the representatives, who asked that their names be withheld, said they wanted to build a road to which the road might be built.

He told them that I would be prepared to meet anybody to discuss a proposal." Mr. Fallow added.

### R.C. CANNED SALMON LARGEST SINCE 1928

With the canning season not yet over, only a genuine prophet could say just how many cases of salmon will be packed by British Columbia canneries this year, but looking at last year's figures, it is evident that the output will be the largest since 1928, though it will not reach the record mark set in that year when the pack totalled 2,221,783 forty-eight pound cases.

When mid-October had come 'round the pack was 1,755,050 cases, which means that it was already larger than the whole-season production in any of the five preceding years.

### PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION!

### BEDDING WEEK AT THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE!

SIMMONS PILLOWS, per pair	\$1.35
ALL DOWN COMFORTERS, each	\$4.50
COTTON COMFORTERS, 66x72	\$2.35
REAL WOOL BLANKETS, per pair	\$7.75
WOOL BED THROWS	\$5.75
SIMMONS BED, Complete	\$18.95
Bed, Spring and Mattress	

### THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT THE RED & WHITE

### THE GIFT FOR HER — A SET OF PYRALIN TOILETWARE

New Colorful and Unique Designs

Three-Piece Sets—\$12.50; \$15.75; \$15.95

Seven-Piece Sets—\$27.50; \$29.75; \$17.50

DON'T FORGET YOUR PERSONAL GREETING CARDS  
PROCURE THEM NOW!

### MCKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A. F. MCKIBBIN, Ph. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, Alta.

# The Carbon Chronicle

VOLUME 15: NUMBER 43.

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1936

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5¢ A COPY

### FINE CAR OF VEGETABLES, FRUIT, ETC. SENT HERE BY SYMPATHETIC COMMUNITY

Furnished by Citizens of Teeswater Ontario, and Community

### GIVEN TO NEEDY

The first relief car of fruit, vegetables, etc. ever to arrive at Carbon, in last week's issue, through the efforts of local Ministers, was distributed to the needy cases in Carbon and Carbon Municipality.

The car was shipped by the church people of Teeswater, Ontario under the scheme of the Canadian Food Council for relief of bullet-holed and drought areas of the west. Under this work cars are shipped from as far east as Prince Edward Island.

The relief car received in Carbon contained a full load of fruit, vegetables, etc. worth \$1,000.00, and a load of apples, potatoes, turnips, cabbages, onions, squash, pumpkins, as well as a quantity of honey, canned fruit and maple and corn syrup.

Through the co-operation of the Municipal secretary, S. F. Torrance and local ministers, Rev. Evans and Rev. McDonald, the car of supplies was distributed throughout the district to those who were in actual need, although not a charge on the town or municipality.

The people of the district receiving produce from the relief car are greatly indebted to the citizens of Teeswater for their splendid effort and their act of goodwill has been greatly appreciated.

History of the district hall damage this year was 100 per cent rendering many families without vegetables or crops with which to carry their families through the winter.

The minister stated the representatives, who asked that their names be withheld, said they wanted to build a road to which the road might be built.

He told them that I would be prepared to meet anybody to discuss a proposal." Mr. Fallow added.

—

### LONG YEARS AGO

November 27, 1929

A drive has been going on for a few weeks to organize a good choir for this town.

Mr. L. D. Elliott, old-timer of Carbon, died on Thursday night, October 21, at Sunnyslope Hospital, Carbon. Mr. Elliott came to Carbon in 1900 and resided in the home he had built on the Knee Hill Creek west of Carbon. At the time there was one house in his place and Carbon, organized by him.

Contributions will be sent to Mr. Cooke at 1107 15th St. W., Calgary.

—

### THE WORLD OF WHEAT

### Surgery of the Seas



Dr. Adam N. Beattie, surgeon of the Canadian Pacific liner *Empress of Japan*, and his ship's surgeon, who are shown here, performed two delicate operations during the ship's round trip to the Far East via Vancouver. Just completed in Vancouver.

### NAVY LEAGUE SUPPORTED BY PEOPLE OF CARBON

Ballying to the support of the Navy League of Canada in its work of assisting widows and orphans of men of the Merchant Marine and their dependents maintaining their interests in Canada and the United States, and in the service of the Canadian Legion, the people of Carbon contributed \$10.00 to this cause in a recent campaign conducted here by Fred Cooke, organizer of the Alberta Division.

Contributions will be sent to Mr. Cooke at 1107 15th St. W., Calgary.

—

### GARRETT NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. O'Rourke were Calgary visitors last week and Mrs. O'Rourke is in the care of a patient at the Holy Cross Hospital, where she is taking treatments for an infected ear.

Mr. and Mrs. C. White and Miss Campbell motored to Calgary last Friday.

During the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Garrett for a few days last week, Cliff Poole looked after their farm.

—

### CANADA'S RECOVERY IS GENERALLY GOOD

S. H. Logan, speaking in Toronto, said: "The economic position of three-quarters of our population is improved."

Logan's recovery has been more widespread than at any time since the low point of the depression in 1933 and had there not been this year a continuation in parts of the western provinces of what some scientists regard as the bottom of a series of droughs in the last two hundred years, the economic and social gains would have been still more impressive.

Exports in the past year rose by \$169,000,000 to the highest level since 1930, he said, imports increased \$59,000,000.

Trade balance of \$361,000,000—the difference between exports and imports—was exceeded in Canada in only four similar 12-month periods, those ending in 1926, 1928, 1931 and 1937. Mr. Logan added.

Logan predicted value of mining production this year would be about \$350,000,000, an increase of nearly 40,000,000 over 1935.

The Canadian economic situation in Canada today, he said, "is in Alberta we general legislation has been enacted for the advantage of the debtor at the expense of the creditor, and with regard to the debtors' responsibility or what is due to him."

The legislature has not only authorized the government to default upon its obligations by a forced reduction in the rates of interest on its bonds but has reduced the principal and interest on private debt generally."

—

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat prices have tended to push prices down.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries, still more than before, is being exported, mainly to the Soviet Union.

Estimates of wheat production in Argentina are high—Rains delayed planting in parts of Europe—Production of dried beans in Danubian basin less than normal.

Wheat surplus in Danubian countries

## The Unemployment and Relief Problem

When a writer is able to produce unchallenged and apparently unequalled figures in support of a contention that governmental debts in Canada—federal, provincial and municipal—have increased in the five-year period from 1930 to 1935 to an amount closely approximating the debt created for readjusting during the depression, and ensuring demobilization, it is reasonable to assume that is not only a serious but startling, and a serious, that warrants his comment that unemployment is the major problem facing the people of the Dominion to-day.

For there is no gainsaying the fact that practically all indebtedness incurred by governments, and by municipalities, is the direct result of unemployment and the necessity for providing for the relief of those who were unable to find work for themselves or, in the case of those who were unable to secure sufficient return from their labor to provide them with a living.

Yet this conclusion of ours was demonstrated recently in a series of articles by Orlin, a correspondent of a Western daily newspaper—the Regina Star, when he showed that the debt of the country including the inter-provincial and municipalities, together with the C.N.R., harbors and commissions and allied undertakings increased by \$178,386,051 in the five-year period from 1930 to 1935 in comparison with an increase of \$1,012,252,100 in the same period of the five-year period antecedent years of the war and the subsequent year of demobilization.

While this is a heavy load to carry it might not be so bad if the problem were solved and the expenditure and piling up of indebtedness on account of demobilization and relief were a third of that amount, but it is not. The figures of the Dominion, despite some improvement in economic conditions, there are still large numbers of unemployed and relief expenditures are still being made on large scale, which means, of course, that the burden of debt on his account is still increasing.

Not only has the problem not yet been solved but the same writer, in another article of the series, quotes Dominion Bureau of Statistics data to show that while economically the country is half way on the road to recovery expenditures for relief, direct and indirect, have only declined 11 per cent. and the period of the depression is still far from over.

These facts and figures demonstrate quite clearly that efforts to solve the problem by all or any governmental units to date have had very little effect and that something more must yet be done if reduction in relief expenditure is to keep pace with the gradual return to normal employment conditions.

One of the measures which might well be adopted in an effort to minimize to some extent the burden which is piling up against present and future generations of taxpayers is a thorough investigation to determine the extent to which relief recipients are and are abusing direct relief, and by weeding out all those who are not deserving by means of strict advertising of opportunities to work when the time comes to do so for reasonable remuneration or who deliberately misrepresent earnings or in any other manner secure public assistance to which they are not entitled, wholly or in part.

The should be done, not only in the interests of those who are self-supporting and are called upon to assist in supporting others but in the interests of the unemployed and relief recipients themselves, for the majority who are evading their responsibilities are a millstone around the necks of the great majority of deserving relief recipients.

Such an effort would appear to be the best way to time in all parts of the country to support the statement that a percentage of relief recipients are guilty of abuse and refuse to play cricket. For example it was recently reported that Hon. Mr. Croll sent investigators into a small municipality in Ontario to find that relief recipients were driving their own automobile, part of the equipment of the relief workers, or of physically able men refusing to work and of abuses in other forms.

Said the Toronto Mail and Empire recently: "The public authorities must increase their efforts to comb out the won't-works from the ranks of those on relief, those who cannot be induced to work and those who are furnished with food, clothing and shelter, and let them become self-supporting.

Pushing out of the underworld, however, will not wholly solve the problem by any means. There are still far too many unemployed, in fact the great majority on relief, who are willing and anxious to work if they could only get it. The present problem of relief for the unemployed could only be solved if all who are able to work by income.

If the new federal unemployment commission can achieve this they will earn the gratitude of the entire nation and not only of the self-supporting taxpayers but the majority of those who are still unfortunate enough to need state aid.

### How Romans Used Cinnamon

### Wins National Championship

Our Way Was Burning It As Long As God Would

The Romans used cinnamon in ointments and balms, as well as in their cooking. It was also burned as incense and when a god was to be appeased or the shade of a departed spirit banished, cinnamon was added to the ceremonial fires. The biggest cinnamon tree ever recorded was built by Nero as part of the funeral rites for his wife, Poppea. It is said he buried his wife in the entire year's importation on that occasion.

Lloyd's of London, started out as an association for merchants who agreed to protect ships and cargoes at sea.

Poisonous snakes often misjudge distance in striking at objects according to Biological Survey scientists.

### Using Ultraviolet Rays

#### New Electrical Device is Aid To Butcher and Baker

That ultraviolet rays kill small organisms like bacteria and algae is one of those things which was discovered only in the last few years of pure science and is now being adapted to practical applications. An article in the Electric Journal, abstracted from the Journal of the Franklin Institute, shows that ultraviolet "bacteria guns" are finding their way into industry.

These guns have had little use to say in the "Steakhouse," a Westinghouse product. A series of long, narrow tubes shedding their garish blue light are used in a butcher's shop to kill bacteria and algae so as to necessitate the moderate refrigeration is necessary. Meat packers who "tender" their meats by hanging or aging (allowing enzymes to act on the tough fibers) find it safe to use the tendering process by using warmer temperatures under violet-ray protection. Bakers who irradiate bread and cake before wrapping to kill mold spores, increase the saleable life of the product by several days.

#### Newspapers Kept Going

#### Depression Hit Them Hard But

It is no secret among newspapermen that the depression has hit the newspapers hard. Services were maintained at the same standard while revenues were falling and, in many instances, were falling so rapidly that when Mr. Horace Master had to make a forced landing in a field, he stepped from the cockpit of his private airplane with his monacle firmly fixed in its accustomed place.

They still delight to tell the story of an English aviation official who arrived in Montreal. On a windy day he was told that he could not land his plane at the airport on the outskirts of the city. It was considered something of a feat to make the hazardous trip in a high wind, and when the English visitor reached his plane his monacle was still screwed firmly in place. *Wunder Daily Star.*

#### Germany Warns Merchants

#### Must Reduce Prices If Food Supplies are Short

What is the best way to "keep warm" to German shopkeepers not to allow the prices of foodstuffs to rise was issued recently by the German police president, Herr Heldorf.

The measures are to stop prices rising and to make a "temporary shortage" of supplies.

The police president's announcement:

"I have closed down for good a shop at 43 Petersburgerstrasse, belonging to Philip Graff who has been repeatedly fined for charging excessive prices, and have had him taken into custody.

"Any one who thinks he can take advantage of the shortage of supplies by unjust price manipulation should himself be an enemy of the community, and will be treated as such."

The governor of Baden has issued a similar warning in his district.

#### Has Lion As Bodyguard

#### Animal to Guard Son and Even His Social Visits

When the Swami Krishnananda of Jigeshwari, near Bombay, was born, he had to be careful not to trip over it, won the national championship in the longest in Japan.

The 22-year-old pugilist, a hand-wrestler, now only five feet tall, hit his beard in five feet, six inches long, and it causes him plenty of bother. Kato stuffs the end of his flowing white whiskers in a specially made handbag to keep them from dragging on the ground.

#### The China Clipper

The China Clipper weighs 51,000 pounds and is 2,300 horsepower. It is capable of carrying 40 passengers and a crew of seven on daylight flights. Its maximum speed is 170 miles per hour, and its maximum length is 88 feet, six inches; height, 24 feet. The high speed is 179 miles per hour; cruising speed, 157 miles per hour. Its range as a mail transport is 4,000 miles; as a passenger mail transport, 3,600 miles.

### If you want to feel WONDERFULLY BETTER

### take WINCARNIS THE GREAT TONIC

THAT SOOTHES NERVES  
ENRICHES BLOOD  
BUILDS NEW VIGOR

At all good Drug & Dept. Stores  
Sales Agents: Harold F. Ritchie Co. Ltd., Toronto

### Knows How To Wear It

#### Under Any Circumstances Men Wear a Monocle

When an Englishman wears a monocle, he wears it. No matter how exciting the circumstances, the eye-glass is right in his eye. When Mr. Horace Master had to make a forced landing in a field, he stepped from the cockpit of his private airplane with his monacle firmly fixed in its accustomed place.

They still delight to tell the story of an English aviation official who arrived in Montreal. On a windy day he was told that he could not land his plane at the airport on the outskirts of the city.

It was considered something of a feat to make the hazardous trip in a high wind, and when the English visitor reached his plane his monacle was still screwed firmly in place. *Wunder Daily Star.*

### HEALTH MEANS CHARM AND HAPPINESS

Sparkling eyes and smiling lips are the best ways to keep vitality. Clear skin attracts. The eyes are the windows to the heart.

Perhaps you are not really ill, but if you feel that you are too tired to enter into the good times that life offers, you can take the Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It tones up your general health and adds to your charm.

Remember that 99 out of 100 women report better life out of help you too.

### British Citizenship

#### Hon. Wesley Gordon Explains What

His recent visit to this part of the country, we asked the Hon. Wesley Gordon, what was a good point to make in order to explain just what citizenship in the British Empire means, and why it had, as far as the rest of the world was concerned.

"Go into one of the British states," he said. "Go into Canada. You're a Canadian, and when they look at you with surprise, passing and distrust, produce your British passport."

The point Mr. Gordon was making was this: that the British family of nations don't know much of each other or of "the old lady," the rest of the world has a great and deep respect for that alliance—North Bay Nugget.

Hon. cross buns were made in honor of Diana, goddess of the moon, by the ancient Roman priests. The bun represented the moon, with the cross dividing it into four quarters.

### For Promoting Peace

#### Pan-Pacific Women's Association To Hold Conference

The Pan-Pacific Women's Association, by vote of member countries bordering on the Pacific ocean, will meet to promote international peace in Vancouver, May 12-14 next. The dates are tentative. Since the 1934 Honolulu conference the association has taken for its object "practical ways and means of promoting peace and understanding among the women of Pacific countries."

To further this they have taken for study topics relating to the subject. These include, "Women Movements for Peace," directed by Dame Katherine Furze London; "Traffic in Arms," by Dame Rachel Crowley, London; "Technique For Developing Public Opinion," by Dr. Lester L. Salter, Washington; "Laws and Standards and Standards for Living," Mrs. Monte, Philadelphia; "Population Pressure," Mrs. Marie Keeling, Honolulu, formerly of New Zealand.

Mrs. Mary L. Baller, Dean of women at the University of British Columbia, is chairman of the Canadian section. The National Council of Women will hold its annual convention in Vancouver early in July. It is expected some 2,000 delegates from all that organization will stay over for the Pan-Pacific conference.

### SELECTED RECIPES

#### THREE-FRUIT CAKE

1/2 cup butter  
1/2 cup fine granulated sugar  
2 eggs  
2 cups flour  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
1/4 teaspoon baking powder  
4 tablespoons crushed banana  
2 tablespoons grated orange rind  
Yellow part only  
4 tablespoons orange pulp  
1 cup seedless raisins, put through a sieve  
1/2 cup milk  
1/2 teaspoon vanilla

Cream butter thoroughly, adding sugar and beaten eggs, and continue beating until the mixture is very light. Sift flour, measure, add baking powder and salt; sift together twice. Add 1/4 cup milk, then add the fruit, then the fruit, then remaining dry ingredients and milk alternately. Add vanilla. Turn into greased and floured square or two-layer pan. Bake in moderate oven 300 degrees for 20 minutes.

#### Used China Set

King Edward broke still another tradition when, at his first dinner party in Buckingham Palace, he served his gold plate set on the sideboard while his 14 guests ate off china. The dinner was in honor of Carlos Saavedra Lamas, Argentine foreign minister, who has been in Europe for some time.

Supplied with electric power from any convenient source, a portable sewing machine invented in Germany is not enough to be carried in a hand bag with its user's clothing.

If two are arguing, and one of them is a fool, so is the other.

Japan spends \$1,000,000 a month for its world-wide spy service.

### When You Want to Alkalize Stomach Fast



#### Try This Amazing Fast Way —The "Phillips" Way Millions Are Adopting

On every side today people are trying to *alcalize* their stomach. And thus ease symptoms of "acid indigestion." The "Phillips" Way—Dame Katherine Furze London, "Traffic in Arms," by Dame Rachel Crowley, London; "Technique For Developing Public Opinion," by Dr. Lester L. Salter, Washington; "Laws and Standards and Standards for Living," Mrs. Monte, Philadelphia; "Population Pressure," Mrs. Marie Keeling, Honolulu, formerly of New Zealand.

Mrs. Mary L. Baller, Dean of women at the University of British Columbia, is chairman of the Canadian section. The National Council of Women will hold its annual convention in Vancouver early in July. It is expected some 2,000 delegates from all that organization will stay over for the Pan-Pacific conference.

#### ALSO IN TABLET FORM:

Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of one glass of milk of magnesia.

MADE IN CANADA  
  
**PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA**

#### Sold For Begging Purposes

Child Neglect in China Used By Women Migrants

China has been noted by the board of trade club in Toronto as a land where four- and five-year-old children were forced to work 18 hours a day in filthy, small rooms it a cold, damp, lightless hole.

The speaker, Captain R. G. Cawell, general manager of Canadian Telephone and Supplies, Limited, and a former resident of China, told of seeing a child of four years old go blind at the age of 12, after which they were sold to wealthy Chinese merchants who made a profession out of purchasing human weaks for beggar purposes.

#### ITCHING

**TORTURE STOPPED IN A MINUTE**  
For the first time in history, the most effective remedy for the most severe cases of skin irritation, dermatitis, eczema, acne, hives, urticaria, asthma, rashes, foot, rashes and other skin irritations has been found.

It is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. The special formula makes it the most effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

It is the only safe, effective and safe remedy for skin irritation.

**PIONEER GRAIN**  
COMPANY LIMITED  
OPERATORS OF  
COUNTRY ELEVATORS  
LICENSED & BONDED  
DISCUSS YOUR GRAIN  
HANDLING & MARKETING  
PROBLEMS WITH OUR AGENT  
G. H. DISHAW  
Carbon Agent

**HOTEL YORK**  
CALGARY  
CENTRE ST. at 7th Ave.  
EXTRA LOW RATES \$1.50  
Scallion COFFEE SHOP  
ALSO OPERATING  
**HOTEL ST. REGIS**  
RATES \$1 and \$1.50 — WEEKLY and MONTHLY RATES

**The ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN**  
COMPANY, LIMITED  
Members of the  
CROP TESTING GROUP

## HOW CANADA WILL HELP IN MUNITIONS

Help from Canada in the production of armaments and war supplies is urgently needed by the British government.

Premier Baldwin has made this clear to parliament, replying to a suggestion of Major Attlee, Labor opposition leader, that Canada contribute its Empire's defensive organizations in the British Isles, where it can be readily attacked by enemy air fleets from the continent, is strategically unwise. The premier admitted this contention, and said that Canada, in order to help in Canada, steps may have to be taken to bring this very desirable end to pass.

"No official knowledge" of British intent to place large munitions orders in Canada is revealed in Ottawa according to the Canadian newspaper. However, Premier Baldwin implicitly gave the hope, as expressed in the British House recently for the placing of such orders in Canada the project will be facilitated in every way. For one thing, it would provide employment in many industries which have had a lack of it.

The Canadian government would be prepared to place at the disposal of Great Britain all the information it has concerning the capacity of the Canadian industry to produce munitions when such orders are placed, however, it would be through a British board operating in Canada and acting for the war office. Though it might be desired that the former course was followed in the time of the war after the industry had gone.

Purchase of two naval destroyers by the Canadian government means, according to Hon. Ian MacKenzie, that Canada is prepared to defend itself when in place of the ships and ones that have to be scrapped. No further advance is planned by the government, but the whole matter of defense will come up in the parliamentary session.

SINGLE SET OF SEINE  
NETS 11,000 SALMON

Fishermen's luck is notoriously unpredictable, but last Portion times a smiling face sat for a salmon, not long ago when a salmon seining boat on the west coast of Vancouver Island captured 11,000 Chum salmon in a single haul, or, as the seiners would put it, a single "set" of 11,000 thousand salmon. Fresh good fishing in weight, the catch must have run to something like 90,000 pounds since the average weight of the Chum salmon at maturity is about eight pounds. When the fish were processed at the cannery the weight of the catch was estimated at 2,000 cases of canned salmon.

The Chum, by the way, is only one of the five species of salmon found in British Columbia's great salmon fishery. Scientifically, it is known as Oncorhynchus tshawytscha. It does not bring as big a price as some of the other species but that is due rather to the fact that its flesh is not quite as attractive in color as, for instance, the Sockeye. In reality all of the five species of salmon found in British Columbia are similar in food value and are nourishing as well as healthy. Canadian Chums are excellent food and large quantities of them are exported from Canada every year to foreign markets.

DON'T STARVE IN THE  
MIDST OF PLENTY

It is well known that ill health will result from the lack of adequate amounts of lime, iodine, iron, and other essential mineral salts in the diet, why not avoid these dangerous deficiencies by the simple, plain expedient of including in the regular diet a good quantity of fish—shad, shadfish—fresh, frozen, canned, dried, pickled or smoked. They are nourishing, health-guarding and ready to the housewife's hand in teaming variety. Who starve in the midst of plenty when there is a good supply of unadulterated Canadian fish foods, from the sea and fresh water—high in protein, rich in vitamins, and variable storehouses of essential mineral salts are readily available all the year 'round?

## Poverty and Insanity

There is another large contributory cause to the large population in the mental hospitals, and that is poverty. Where there is extreme poverty in the home parents may worry and become nervous and irritable. Parents do not get proper nutrition or domestic difficulties may arise. The mother may not get proper pre-natal care. Children do not get proper food, care or education, such as a home children have a fair chance of being normal—normal or growing up normal—Newmarket Era.

## CANADIANS IN... THEIR INDUSTRIES... AND THEIR BANKS

FIRST IN CANADA'S INTERNATIONAL TRADE  
• THE TOURIST INDUSTRY •

A national asset worthy of the most intelligent cultivation is the tourist trade. Canada has year and is estimated to bring at least \$250,000,000 this year. In our international trade its monetary value to Canada now ranks ahead of that of any of our exports, not excepting those important exportable commodities, wheat and新闻纸.

But the tourist industry has potential value beyond its annual money income.

• It facilitates exchange of ideas between neighbours, international understanding and co-operation, tolerance and good-will;

• it accelerates betterment of railway, waterway and air-way service, of motor roads and hotel accommodations;

• it awakens interest in Canadian products and exports; stimulates capital investment.

Through its offices abroad and more than 100 branches distributed throughout the land of Montreal is one of the leading factors in providing service for the tourist trade. Its offices abroad and in Canada are centres to which countless tourists turn for information and guidance. These offices not only extend financial hospitality which facilitates the exchange and transfer of

money, but contribute in many other ways to make the visit of tourists comfortable, happy and profitable.

Thousands of customers of the Bank of Montreal do business with tourists from other countries—hotels, transportation lines, service stations, stores, etc. etc.—and they too find the kind of banking service they need in the Bank of Montreal.

From the General Manager's address at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank, 1933:

"Canada has unexcelled railway and hotel facilities to attract tourists the whole year round, and year by year, as the result of the development of the country, more and more American tourists will be seen in Canada."

"Railway and steamship lines, tourist agencies and newspapers have done a great deal towards cultivating this important industry in recent years."

"Country hotels, boarding houses and tourist camps are coming to realize the necessity of improving accommodation facilities."

"If tourists are given a warm welcome, are comfortably accommodated and treated courteously and fairly, their number will increase annually."

## BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817 HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

Carbon Branch: C. L. MacGREGOR, Manager

MODERN, EXPERIENCED BANKING SERVICE... THE OUTCOME OF 115 YEARS' SUCCESSFUL OPERATION

## NEW CODE PRICES

Commissioning immediately the Carbon Chronicle will operate under the new code as set forth in a special issue of the Alberta Gazette and published under authority of the Minister of Trade and Commerce. Under this code all prices of printed matter in Alberta will be the same, with delivery charges and sales tax extra. In the case of the Chronicle we are not compelled to charge the Dominion sales tax, therefore we are able to give you a lower price for your printed matter than they can get in the city.

Remember—printing prices may be the same, but quality work is what counts, and we can give you the best at no extra cost.

When a traveling salesman from the city calls on you, remember that we can do just as good work at the same prices, less 8%, and at the same time you will be supporting home industry. Carbon has a modern printing plant—make use of it.

## Good Service Counts

The high standing enjoyed by this farmers' company throughout western Canada arises from the experience of farmers during thirty years. Year after year they have found their interests well protected and are satisfied that it pays to do business with United Grain Growers.

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

ELEVATOR AT SWALWELL

## SUBSCRIBE NOW!

Different Tastes -- Different Ideas  
but all agree . . .

beer  
is best

Served at all Hotels and Clubs, or  
order from your nearest Vendor's  
Store or Government Warehouse.

MIDLAND & PACIFIC GRAIN  
CORPORATION, LIMITED

Calgary, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Vancouver  
Country Elevators at Principal Points in  
Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and Northern  
Vancouver B.C. capacity 1,600,000 bushels.  
Member of: Winnipeg, Vancouver Grain Ex.  
A.C. RANDALL, C.W. ROENISCH  
President General Manager

TO PROSECUTE SHORT  
WEIGHT GRAIN BUYERS

ognized sources should be careful in that regard.

In any event precaution should be taken in event of sale to unknown truckers, to be sure and have some reliable person in town verify delivery weights.

ROGER W. BABSON HAS  
FAITH IN NEWSPAPERS AS  
ADVERTISING MEDIUM

A remarkable statement was made by Roger W. Babson, famous commercial economist, in a recent broadcast advertisement by radio at a cost of \$3,000 and received sixteen inquiries and two orders as a result. A couple of days later he printed his advertisement in five newspapers in different cities, at a cost of only \$100, and received 4,000 replies. The radio advertisement cost him \$160.00 for each reply, whereas the newspaper advertisement was only 75 cents a reply.

Roger Babson is one of the most alert business men of the world.

And here is his opinion on this matter—all in his own words:

"It's got tremendous weight. An advertisement that is read in the newspaper, set up in an attractive manner and frequently well illustrated, gets the attention of the reader, and leaves a lasting impression."—Ottawa Citizen.

## "Somebody to see you!"

IF EVERBODY with something to interest you should come and ring your bell, what a nuisance it would be. Think of the swarming, jostling crowd, the stamping of feet on your floor, and calls for the manager.

Every day there are lots of many calls who come to see you. They never jangle the bell—they don't take up your whole day trying to get your attention. Instead, they do it in a way that suits you and your convenience.

They never leave you in a lurch, they never leave you in a lurch.

In this way you have only to listen to those you know and ignore something that interests you. They make it short, too, so you can gather quickly just what you want to know. You can receive and hear it all without noise or confusion in a very few minutes.

In fairness to yourself look over all the advertisements. The smallest and the largest—you never can be sure which one will tell something you really want to know.

# YES SIR!

## WE APPRECIATE THEM

THE OTHER DAY WE ASKED A MAN FOR HIS PRINTING AND HE TOLD US:

"OH, OUR PRINTING DOESN'T AMOUNT TO MUCH. ALL WE HAVE IS A FEW SMALL ORDERS, AND NONE OF THEM EVER RUN INTO ANYTHING THAT LOOKS LIKE MONEY."

THOSE LITTLE ORDERS ARE THE KIND THAT MAKE OUR BUSINESS.

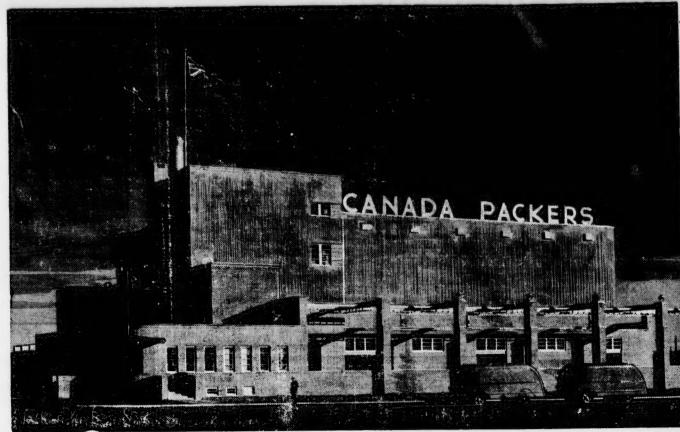
MOST OF OUR BUSINESS IS IN PRINTING LETTERHEADS, ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS, POSTERS, OFFICE FORMS, AND OTHER SMALL ORDERS.

WE APPRECIATE A SMALL ORDER AS WELL AS WE DO A BIG ONE.

SO, IF YOU HAVE ANY SMALL ORDERS FOR PRINTING, WE WANT YOU TO KNOW THAT WE ARE GLAD TO GET THEM. WE APPRECIATE THEM JUST AS MUCH—AND TAKE JUST AS GOOD CARE OF THEM—AS IF THEY ACTUALLY AMOUNTED TO HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS.

**The Carbon Chronicle**

## Canada Packers Million Dollar Plant Officially Opened



The new million dollar packing house, erected last summer in Edmonton, Alberta by Canada Packers Ltd., was officially opened on November 4th by Mayor Jos. A. Clarke, K.C. in the presence of over 1,000 invited guests including members of the Alberta Cabinet, Deputy Ministers, civic officials, heads of most of the livestock organizations of Alberta and representatives of the Wholesale and Retail meat trade and other distinguished visitors.

Speakers at the opening ceremony,

which was staged in the enclosed load-

ing platform of the Plant, were Premier William Aberhart, R.A. Wright, President of the Western Livestock Union; Hon. Senator Arthur Meighen; and J.S. McLean, President of Canada Packers Limited.

Mr. McLean stated it as his conviction

that Alberta, which already

stands second in hog production among the provinces of the Dominion, will within a short time stand first. "When this expectation is realized," he said, "the new packing house facility, when completed, including Canada Packers', will be less than sufficient to handle the hogs."

After the close of the opening cere-

mories, the plant was thrown open to the public and was viewed with interest by thousands of visitors from Edmonton and the surrounding district.

The erection of this important plant at this time is concrete evidence of the faith of Canada Packers Ltd. in the future of Alberta, and of the West generally. It is expected that the new plant will give Canada Packers, and the rest of Western Canada, further access to the markets of Eastern Canada and of Europe, which are served extensively by Canada Packers Limited.

## As a Life Insurance Policyholder

# You Share in the Ownership of These Valuable Assets

Government Bonds      First Mortgages      Municipal Bonds  
Industrial Securities      Public Utility Bonds

YOUR savings in Life Insurance—which help to form the Assets of the company in which you are insured—not only protect you and your family but also make you a part owner of high-grade securities.

For example—as a Life Insurance policyholder, you share in the ownership of Government and Municipal bonds. These bonds provide for the construction of highways, railways, canals, schools, water and sewage systems and other important public enterprises.

You likewise have a definite financial interest in Canadian industries, and in Canadian homes and farms.

The Life Insurance companies, which your enterprise and thrift have built up, acting on behalf of yourself and 3,500,000 other policyholders, invest the Assets you have entrusted to them. In making these investments, they exercise the utmost care to secure safety with a satisfactory yield.

Of the combined Assets in the Life Insurance Companies operating in Canada, the major part is invested in Government and Municipal bonds and debentures. Large amounts are also invested in first mortgages on carefully selected city, town and farm properties, and in loans to policyholders.

You can take satisfaction in the fact that Life Insurance companies in Canada have faithfully discharged their obligations. Even in periods of greatest financial stress, every obligation guaranteed by their policies has been fulfilled.

## Life Insurance



Guardian of

Canadian Homes

## THE TOAST OF A NATION

From Halifax to Vancouver, Christie's new *roasted Soda Wafers* by Christie's have won universal approval. Every day in the home—at dinners, lunches, suppers, bridge parties—whenever you want everything to be "just right," serve Christie's Christie's Soda Wafers and you can't go wrong.



# Christie's Biscuits

"There's a Christie Biscuit for every taste"

## Thou Shalt Not Love

A NOVEL BY —  
GEORGIA GRAIG

CHAPTER IX.—Continued

Starr tried to smile at that, but it was a forced smile, something caught in her throat. In the motherly way she had affected with the girl, Sapphira was running on:

"You all look so pale," said Miss Starr. "Honest, you worry me. You're not getting enough sleep, I wonder, the way you go on. Parties, parties, from mornin' till night. You don't even git no rest. You'll kill yourself."

A whistful trill of soft, haughty Ed's lips as she murmured:

"You may be right—I do feel up with about—everything!"

What she could not tell Sapphira or anybody—was that she knew it was not the life she was leading

which was sappling her frail strength. It was the grim finger of her destiny. Days were flying into weeks. Soon it would be weeks into months. Such a little time left.

With the time passing she could forget the terror. Only at times like this it came back to her. And at night when she lay in bed in the dark the monotonous tick-tick-tick of her heart seemed to throb into an ominous rhythm which dimmed madly into her brain.

"Thou Shalt Not—Thou Shalt Not..."

Starr realized how little time she had for getting dressed for the evening, but when Sapphira insisted that she must lie down if only for a few minutes, she gave in, a little too tired to argue. She lay in bed, and some of their parties had now appeared ready to gear going, until Starr Ellison arrived. And her escort might as well cool their heels while she lay there.

She had not intended to, but she must have slept. For somehow or other she was back in Egypt again, at the tomb of terror but in one of those quiet, secret tombs which intrigued her. She was seeing the streets, and the place of the sand dunes, living again days that had been full of joy and beauty.

Then, after a long, quiet sand-dive when Starr lay in her father's bed, and their interpreter passed his shop. He looked like the tallest man on earth standing under the yellow light of the lantern in the shop front which cast long, beautiful thin shadows, carpet embroideries, copper, gold. She could smell the sand he had floated into the pierced silver brazier...

They were outside—on the sand—

then a twirl of fear as her eyes saw his, as if, even before he spoke, he was telling her something against which she fought—something in his manner, in his manner suggested power and mystery. And he could read the fear with only that sand of sand he held. The interpreter said: "He is of the sand himself—they tell him secrets."

He was clutching on the ground, his face pale, his eyes wide, his white glamour. His lips were moving. "He is speaking with his ancestors—no, he is speaking with his—"

Then a low murmur came from his lips before he began to talk rapidly, as though to himself, pouring his sand onto the ground, his gaunt finger working it into patterns, as though he were up, making sand castles. Suddenly he looked up, to speak in her a garbled mixture of French and Arabic, most of which she could understand:

"I bring you truth in a world of lies."

The interpreter said: "He says he sees something in your sand, your sand, green joy, red sand, terror, red sand, he sees the desert, he sees the desert, digging, digging—there's a tomb—there is—"

"He stopped as the rapid talk of the sand diver rose into a wail. The interpreter said: "He was mistaken, he says what he sees is joy—it must be joy—"

"Then why is he taking it as hard as he is?" Starr asked. "He seems to be suffering—look at the great drops of sweat on his forehead, the way he looks at me—"

"He says there is more—there come death, great death, judgment across the sand sea where the people are like the sands of the desert, where their constant noise is like the howling of the jackals, before there shall come to you . . ."

"He is real, he is real, he was buried in the unyielding dreams." Starr could hear her father's voice:

"Don't let it distract you my dear. These men are all alarmists. It's time to come to reason. You can't know the future. Let me say, I am the only real diviner. You will know when the time comes for you to know it. You must give love, too, to know it."

It was a cold as the sheet apes a Meccano Police with the addition of Meccano. The woman in question was not to be moved.

Starr was not to be moved.</

## THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at  
CARBON, ALBERTAMember Alberta Division Canadian  
Weekly Newspapers Association  
EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,  
Editor and Publisher

## HEATED BUSES

When you travel in the winter time you want warm comfort and transportation. All these are combined with the latest heaters, assuring you of a most pleasant trip, even in the coldest weather.

USE THE BUS THIS WINTER

RED BUS LINES  
HEAD OFFICE: DRUMHELLER

FOR SATISFACTORY  
DRAYING  
AND REASONABLE  
PRICES. PHONE  
JAS. SMITH

## THEATRE

THURSDAY, NOV. 26

JEANETTE MACDONALD  
— AND —  
NELSON EDDY  
IN

## "NAUGHTY MARIETTA"

THURSDAY, DEC. 3

FREDERICK BARTHOLOMEW  
"DAVID COPPERFIELD"

S. N. WRIGHT  
LICENSED AUCTIONEER  
S. F. TORRANCE, Clerk, Phone: 5

WINTER BROTHERS'  
FUNERAL HOME

DRUMHELLER PHONE: 666

FUNERAL AND AMBULANCE  
SERVICE

Packard Ambulance Equipment

Carbon Agent—Mr. L. Gottman of the  
Carbon Trading Co.TOWN & COUNTY  
Personalographs

A large number of Carbon people attended the dance at Ardlebank last Friday night.

Herb McCrady, Bill Kapaniuk, Bill McGrady, Harry Moodie, Jack MacLennan and Wilbur McCord motored to Calgary on Saturday.

Born, on Sunday, November 21, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Goulet, a son C. H. Nash and Corrine Friesen motored to Drumheller on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Smith spent the weekend visiting in Drumheller.

Lawrence Paxon and Roland Gimble of Drumheller were in town Sunday.

Mr. McDonald and Bill Cameron organized a Taxis group at Irricana last Thursday night.

Ed Heselgrave of Irricana was a visitor in town last Saturday.

Mrs. Claude Crossman returned to Carbon last Friday after spending four days visiting with relatives in Calgary.

Mrs. H. McCrady and sons, Wilbur Bill and Herb, and Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Emery were Drumheller visitors on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W.G. Mathers, Helen Jack and friends attended the funeral of Mrs. Snyder in Trochu on Saturday.

Messrs. Hugh Brown and Harley Willson motored to Calgary on Friday.

Paul Greenan, who is attending the Granada Business College in Calgary, visited with his parents in Carbon over the weekend. He returned to Calgary on Tuesday. He accompanied by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J.J. Greenan and Noreen.

Dick Gimbel moved Syd Wright's business to Wednesday to its new location next to the Dishaw residence.

Willard Rogers had the misfortune to drop a five-gallon tin of oil on his father, Mr. McNaught, while working in the garage and as a result is laid up for a few days.

Among the Carbon people attending the Anglican Church meeting in Drumheller on Wednesday, November 28th were: Rev. S. Evans, Mrs. H.M. McNaughton, Marjorie Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson Jr., Vera Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Greenhalgh, Mrs. W. Van Loon, Mrs. W. Braithwaite, Mrs. G. Calman, W. Skerry, Hugh

Isaac, George Isaac and Miss Millie Hunt.

A Sale of Work, Home, Cooking and Tea will be held in the old Bank Building on Saturday, November 28, from 3 to 7 p.m., under the auspices of the Carbon W.A.

Mr. E. Dual arrived from Drumheller this week and has taken J.C. Spence's position as assistant at the C.P.R. depot.

A real old dust storm blew from the south last Thursday. While no damage was done here, southern parts of the province report wind damage as well as fire damage in the Cochrane area when a large section of that district was swept by prairie fire.

## CHRIST CHURCH, CARBON

Services will be held as follows: 1st and 3rd Sundays in month, 11 a.m.; 2nd and 4th Sundays, 7:30 p.m.; 5th Sunday in month by arrangement.

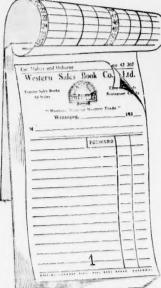
REV. S. EVANS is charg

## ORDER YOUR

Counter  
Check  
Books

FROM

THE CARBON CHRONICLE



## ASK FOR PRICES

WHY NOT ORDER  
**Calgary Dry**  
The West's Finest Ginger Ale  
IT BLENDS BETTER

**CALGARY**

A PRODUCT OF THE CALGARY BREWING & MALTING CO., LTD.

POOL ELEVATORS HAVE  
SATISFACTORY YEAR

The annual meeting of the Alberta Wheat Pool delegates was convened on November 24 in Calgary. The reports of the business operations for the year ending July 1, 1936 were of an encouraging nature. They showed a total value of grain \$1,272,272.59 items were delivered \$525,055.59 (or depreciation and \$256,763.21 for interest payment to the Alberta government on the 1936 overpayment, leaving a net surplus from her operations of \$209,513.78.

Wheat Pool shouldered the heavy 1929-30 Pool overpayment and set out to re-establish its financial position; this organization has made great progress. Last year's operations have increased. The members' equity in the assets of the organization have by \$430,194.69. The members now have an equity to total \$5,000,572.75 in the Pool assets after deducting the cost of the 23rd year's overpayment.

Contractors stand in virtually every other organization engaged in grain marketing and handling, the Alberta Pool, along with its sister pools in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, has been instrumental in developing a national grain marketing policy based on the operation of an active Wheat Board upon which the producers should have direct representation and that a reasonable price should be fixed each year to a year's time, in order to the cost of producing grain in Western Canada. Representations to this effect were presented to the Alberta Wheat Pool's board of directors to the delegates.

There are 129 grain elevators in the 14 districts on the Pacific coast, 2 at Vancouver and 1 at Prince Albert.

Buy Your Needs in Carbon!

## TWO SIDES TO THE STORY

There are two sides to every story in Alberta, and throughout Canada. If insurance policyholders and beneficiaries should realize there is more to debt reduction legislation than easing the burden of debts, it goes deeper than that.

It is interesting to learn that 50 per cent of the electors, federal and provincial, are policyholders. Through individual and group action, they have pooled their resources, their life savings, in order that their collective strength may withstand the attacks and storms that would bring financial disaster to the individual. We also know that, despite war, epidemics and depression, life insurance meets every policy obligation promptly and in full. In fact during the past six years, it has distributed and is still distributing, over \$5,000,000 every year in dividends. The year to 1936, policyholders have received.

Seventy-five per cent of this money has been, and continues to be, paid to those still living; the remaining twenty-five per cent going to beneficiaries of the dead policyholders. In this way, life insurance has saved 3,500,000 men and women in all walks of life.

It is the greatest co-operative business in Canada.

No one doubts its stability; no one questions the prudent direction of its business.

But—there are forces at work in Canada today which menace the very security of every life insurance policyholder in Canada. In an effort to repair wartime regulations have gone to extreme lengths, cancellation of public and private debts is going on or planned without regard to the debtors' ability to pay.

It would seem to be in the interest of all concerned to stop and think for a moment that the debts to pay should be those that the individual or the debtor is able to pay; for the good of both the debtor and the life insurance policyholder—in thousands of cases, the same person.

Such a policy would not only preserve the good word and honesty of the debtor in the eyes of the outside world, but would help to protect the life insurance on which his family may be forced to depend.

READ THE ADS.

You  
Can't afford  
to miss this  
WONDERFUL  
SUBSCRIPTION  
OFFER



Think what this wonderful offer will mean in enjoyment throughout the whole year for yourself and your family. Magazines of your own choice and this newspaper, packed with stories, timely articles, helpful departments and colorful illustrations. Now is your chance.

GROUP 1  
SELECT ONE MAGAZINE

- Opportunity Magazine 1 yr.
- National Home Monthly 1 yr.
- Canadian Magazine - 1 yr.
- News Review Weekly (British) - - - - 3 mo.
- Pictorial Review - 1 yr.
- Silver Screen - 1 yr.
- American Boy - 1 yr.
- Parents' Magazine - - 6 mo.
- Can. Horticulture and Home Magazine - - 1 yr.

GROUP 2  
SELECT ONE MAGAZINE

- Liberty Mag. (52 issues) 1 yr.
- Judge - - - - 1 yr.
- Parents' Magazine - 1 yr.
- True Story - - - - 1 yr.
- Screenland - - 1 yr.
- House & Garden - 6 mo.

This Offer Fully Guaranteed—All Renewals Will Be Extended.

OFFER NO. 1  
One magazine from group 1  
AND  
One magazine from group 2  
and this newspaper

OFFER NO. 2  
Three magazines from  
group 1 and this newspaper

TAKE YOUR  
CHOICE!

\$ ALL 3.00  
FOR

USE THIS ORDER BLANK  
Please clip list of Magazines after checking publications desired.  
Fill out coupon carefully.

Gentlemen: I enclose \$..... Please send me the

magazines checked with a year's subscription to your newspaper.

NAME .....  
STREET OR R.R. ....  
TOWN AND PROVINCE ..... G.M.S.

SEND ORDERS DIRECT TO

The Carbon Chronicle

## Extra!

LOW  
WINTER  
FARES  
TO  
PACIFIC COAST

VANCOUVER—VICTORIA  
PORTLAND AND CALIFORNIA POINTS  
Three Classes—FIRST, INTERMEDIATE and COACH

On sale Daily to May 14, 1937

Return limit 6 months

Special 30 day fares at further reductions from certain points.

EASTERN CANADA—CENTRAL STATES

Two classes—FIRST and COACH

On sale daily Dec. 1, 1936 to Jan. 5, 1937

Return limit 3 months

Special fares Nov. 15, 1936 to Jan. 5, 1937

RETURN LIMIT 5 MONTHS

Make your Winter Travel arrangements with nearest ticket agent  
**CANADIAN PACIFIC**